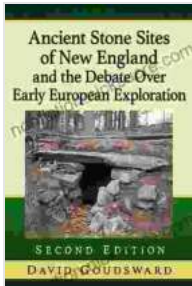


Ancient Stone Sites Of New England And The Debate Over Early European Contact



Ancient Stone Sites of New England and the Debate Over Early European Exploration by David Goudsward

★★★★☆ 4.3 out of 5

Language : English
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Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
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Print length : 249 pages



There are a number of ancient stone sites located throughout New England. These sites have been the subject of much debate, with some scholars arguing that they are evidence of early European contact, while others believe that they are the work of Native Americans.

One of the most famous of these sites is the Dighton Rock, located in Massachusetts. The rock features a number of petroglyphs, which some believe depict European ships and people. Other petroglyphs at the site have been interpreted as maps, or as records of astronomical events.

Another well-known site is the Newport Tower, located in Rhode Island. The tower is a circular stone structure that has been dated to the 17th century. However, some researchers believe that the tower was actually built by the Vikings in the 11th century.

There are a number of other stone sites in New England that have been linked to early European contact. These sites include the Kensington Rune Stone, the Vinland Map, and the Oak Island Money Pit.

The debate over the origins of these sites is likely to continue for many years to come. However, the evidence suggests that there may have been some form of contact between Europeans and Native Americans in New England prior to the arrival of Christopher Columbus in 1492.

The Evidence For Early European Contact

There is a number of evidence that suggests that there may have been early European contact with New England. This evidence includes:

- The presence of stone sites that have been linked to European cultures, such as the Dighton Rock and the Newport Tower.
- The discovery of artifacts that have been identified as European, such as the Kensington Rune Stone and the Vinland Map.
- The presence of Native American legends and traditions that tell of contact with Europeans.

This evidence is not conclusive, but it does suggest that there may have been some form of contact between Europeans and Native Americans in New England prior to the arrival of Christopher Columbus in 1492.

The Evidence Against Early European Contact

There is also evidence that argues against the theory of early European contact. This evidence includes:

- The lack of any definitive archaeological evidence to support the claim that Europeans visited New England before Columbus.
- The fact that the stone sites that have been linked to European cultures can also be explained as the work of Native Americans.
- The lack of any clear evidence of European influence on Native American culture in New England prior to the arrival of Columbus.

This evidence suggests that it is possible that there was no contact between Europeans and Native Americans in New England prior to the arrival of Christopher Columbus in 1492.

The Debate Continues

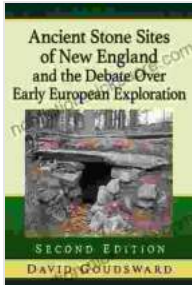
The debate over whether or not there was early European contact with New England is likely to continue for many years to come. There is evidence to support both sides of the argument, and it is difficult to say definitively which side is correct.

However, the evidence does suggest that it is possible that there may have been some form of contact between Europeans and Native Americans in New England prior to the arrival of Christopher Columbus in 1492.

The ancient stone sites of New England are a fascinating and mysterious part of the region's history. The debate over whether or not they are evidence of early European contact is likely to continue for many years to come. However, the evidence does suggest that it is possible that there may have been some form of contact between Europeans and Native Americans in New England prior to the arrival of Christopher Columbus in 1492.

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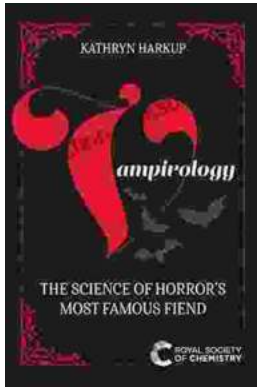


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